WEST **HEATH**

REBUILDING LIVES THROUGH EDUCATION



Quality Assurance Policy

APPROVED BY:	Full Trustee Board
LAST REVIEWED:	February 2025
NEXT REVIEW:	February 2026

This Policy has	All staff and students at West Heath School, their parents and carers and other stakeholders. All teaching staff should have a detailed knowledge of this policy and should receive regular				
been written					
for:	training to improve their teaching and learning practise.				
Rationale:	Quality assurance is an essential element of school self-evaluation. The outcome of quality assurance will contribute to enhancing the quality of teaching and learning, improving student progress and levels of attainment.				
Consultation:	Persons with particular responsibility:				
consultation.	The Head of the Creative Arts Faculty				
	 The Head of Curriculum and the Head of Safeguarding 				
	 All Teaching Heads of Department and/ or Faculty 				
	All teaching staff at West Heath School				
	Consultees:				
	• SMT				
	Teaching staff				
	Behavioural Consultants with SEND school experience				
Legislation	JCQ Joint Council for Qualifications				
and Guidance:	Independent Schools Inspectorate				
Links to other	This policy should be read alongside:				
Policies/	Teaching and Learning Policy				
Procedures:	Exam Policy				
Кеу	HoD- Head of Department				
definitions/	HoF – Head of Faculty				
terms:	SMT- Senior Management Team				
	Learning Walk – Informal Drop in observations				

Appendices & Procedures:

- Learning Walk Proforma
- Lesson Observation Proforma
- Book Scrutiny Proforma
- Lesson Observation Proforma
- Lesson Observation Spreadsheets

1. Introduction

At West Heath School, quality assurance is also intended to identify training and development needs, ensure school policy is being implemented and to encourage reflection and innovation.

Quality assurance should be open, transparent and supportive with an appropriate balance between line management and / or external quality assurance and individual / internal self-evaluation.

West Heath School seeks to maintain a learning culture; all teachers are reflective practitioners who seek to improve and reflect on their teaching and learning practice. Observations and scrutinies are part of the appraisal process and, when carried out as part of a process of constructive engagement within an atmosphere of support and co-operation, are beneficial to staff development.

2. Aims

The aims of the policy are:

- To maintain and improve the quality of teaching at West Heath School
- Outline how Quality Assurance processes take place throughout the school.

Ensure that all staff:

- follow the expectations for teaching and professional conduct as set out in the Teachers' Standards;
- update parents/carers on students' progress through termly reports on progress and yearly parent/carer consultation evenings;
- map formative and summative assessments in SOW and curriculum maps throughout the year;
- store accurate data on SIMs during whole school data drops.
- to support our school mission statement of 'Rebuilding Lives through Education' by encouraging students to reflect on and change their behaviour, which helps to prepare students for life beyond West Heath School.

To ensure that all students:

- are an active participant and have an active voice in their learning. For example, through the use of surveys and questionnaires;
- enjoy their learning;
- can identify their strengths and weaknesses, understand their progress and know the steps they need to take to improve their work.

3. Policy Content

Quality assurance is an essential element of school self-evaluation. The outcome of quality assurance will contribute to enhancing the quality of teaching and learning, improving student progress and levels of attainment.

At West Heath School, quality assurance is also intended to identify training and development needs, ensure school policy is being implemented and to encourage reflection and innovation.

4a. Roles and Responsibilities

: SMT

- Provide guidance to support Learning and Teaching to develop positive learning experiences for all students;
- provide opportunities, which are accessible to all, for the development of learning experiences
 which promote enjoyment, challenge, relevance, innovation, mutual respect and positive
 relationships;
- provide resources, according to need, including continuing professional development (CPD)/ training opportunities for all employees which support effective learning and teaching;
- ensure that all staff understand the expectations of Ofsted and the research that underpins the most current framework;
- · value and celebrate successful learning and quality teaching;
- support sharing of effective practice throughout and across the school;
- monitor and evaluate the impact on the learning and teaching of these contexts for learning and use this information to support continuous improvement. For example, learning walks to monitor to quality of Teaching and Learning (T&L) and to provide incisive feedback for teaching staff;
- ensure that Heads of Department (HoD) are both subject to and follow the monitoring and evaluation processes.

4b.Heads of Department/Faculty

- Lead the creation, development and maintenance of a climate which supports all students to become confident individuals, successful learners, responsible citizens and effective contributors, across all year groups;
- ensure the curriculum is planned to enable sequential learning and that schemes of work promote the 4Rs and any safeguarding issues;
- provide opportunities for learners to discuss their learning regularly;
- identify and facilitate the sharing of good practice, ideas and approaches to teaching and learning;
- encourage all staff to participate in CPD opportunities to maintain and improve effective learning and teaching;
- organise learners in appropriate and flexible groupings based, as appropriate, on interest, experience, attainment, stage and purpose;
- evaluate and review student attainment data and put in interventions if needed;
- liaise with the Therapy department to ensure the curriculum and teaching offer is appropriate for SEMH students;
- monitor and evaluate staff practice using learning walks (an informal drop in lasting less than 15 minutes) and x3-4 formal lesson observations per year, using the West Heath Observation Form.
- Monitor that the West Heath lesson format is being used and is embedded when conducting learning walks, observations and book scrutinies.

4c. Heads of School (HoS)

- Liaise with the Head of Curriculum and Heads of Department to support and assist in quality assuring the teaching and learning within their phase of school;
- provide data to SMT outlining class hotspots and areas where students are receiving the most/ least amount of Satchel One points;
- ensure that any teaching within tutor times has appropriate high expectations and is quality assured.

4d. Teaching Staff

- Ensure high quality, engaging teaching using the West Heath lesson format in all lessons;
- deliver learning that is sequential and in a planned way that aids memory retention;

 meet the needs of all students by providing an effective balance of activities which support the diversity of learning styles and teaching approaches, including working collaboratively and the full and effective use of IT; · reflect on their own learning and participate in relevant CPD to maintain and improve teaching; reflect on their own practice and share new ideas and approaches to Teaching and Learning; • take account of the needs of all learners in planning and adapting resources when needed. 5. These reviews will be conducted once per academic year and will be undertaken by the Head of Departmental/ Curriculum and other members of the Senior Management Team (SMT) in conjunction with the **Faculty Reviews** relevant Head of Department/Faculty (HoF). This review will consist of a meeting between the link SMT member and HoF/ HoD (and 2nd in faculty and HoDs where appropriate) and scrutinise data, outcomes, vulnerable groups and current and planned strategies for improvement (and their impact); - Interviews with a range of students from each key stage; - Learning Walks (see below) will provide the evidence for the remainder of the review. See Appendix D. The HoD/HoF will meet with the link SMT member to agree outcomes and priorities. The HoD/HoF will write a report with an action plan to respond to priorities identified. Information taken from observations during the year may also be used. This approach should ensure that the standard of student work is routinely checked, and the 6. Quality assessment and feedback policy is followed. Assurance of Assessment and Internal Verification will follow procedures and guidance given Awarding Bodies. **Feedback** 7. Quality All homework is set using the Satchel One Show My Homework programme. Each Head of Faculty Assurance of will monitor the quality, suitability and frequency of Homework using the weekly monitoring tool. Homework SMT Line Managers will also monitor routinely and at any time. 8. Line The Line Management of Faculty areas by SMT will involve regular meetings and department visits Management through the course of the academic year. Quality Assurance of There is a weekly meeting with the HoDs to ensure quality assurance process are regularly being Faculty Area undertaken and there will normally be one formal meeting between the HoF/ HoD and the SMT Line Manager every three weeks . These meetings will cover a range of items as well as plan or review learning walks or other quality assurance visits/internal verification. The relevant member of SMT will also complete a Book Scrutiny Summary to identify best practice and areas of development each year and HODs will run are internal Book Scrutiny once per year 9. Lesson For quality assurance and improving the quality of Teaching and Learning and for Performance **Observations** Review, teachers will be formally observed twice per academic year. Any staff member that receives a grading of requires improvement will receive an additional lesson observation and will therefore be observed x3 times per year. See Appendix A.

	Formal observations may be conducted by any member of the SMT and or HoF/HoD In addition, teachers may be observed for occasional focused reviews and drop-ins (see below). Exceptions to this are NQTs, trainee teachers, all staff subject to Ofsted inspections, staff in need of support* and other observation arrangements. A formal lesson observation is one which is pre-arranged and where notes and judgments are recorded and feedback is given to the teacher. These observations will be graded and followed by a subsequent developmental discussion in which targets are set. These are then placed on a spreadsheet and are discussed in SMT/ HoD meetings and during staff appraisals.
	All staff will also complete an informal peer review each academic year of a member of staff to ensure that they are sharing good practice across the school.
10. Learning Walks/ Book Looks	Drop-in observations (Learning Walks) may take place at any time as directed by the Principal, SMT, HOF/ HOD. In practice, these will be occasional with some prior warning to the teachers concerned. As a drop in observation, these should not last longer than 10 minutes and will focus on a specific priority e.g. beginnings and ends of lessons, aspects of school / department policy, preparing for Ofsted-style inspections, Marking & Assessment etc.
	Detailed feedback will not be given to the individual class teacher as these drop-ins will be used to monitor consistency of practice across a Faculty, Department or the school, rather than an individual member of staff.
	HoD/Fs will also run three formal learning walks in their department using the attached proforma to ensure that they have an overview of the teaching and learning practice in their area. HoD/Fs will also complete x2 formal book looks each academic year to monitor the quality of assessment for learning in their area. See Appendix B and D.
11. Timetable for Observations	An observation may be arranged at any point in the academic year. Good practice should ensure that observations are spaced so that targets set following one observation have had sufficient time to be addressed before the next. Ideally, one per term will be conducted.
	At least one observation should be conducted prior to theperformance review meeting.
12. Quality Assurance of Student	A key role for all staff is to monitor progress data to support students and to ensure target minimum levels/grades are achieved.
Progress by Curriculum Leaders and	The role for curriculum leaders (HoD/ HoF) is to monitor all assessment data and to ensure consistency across classes and progress towards student targets.
Pastoral Staff	This will also be reviewed by the Head of Curriculum and the School SENCO to ensure that data is being accurately captured and stored in Teacher's mark books and during SIM's Data Drops. See Appendix J.
	Heads of School/ School SENCO will oversee and, where appropriate, take a leading role in mentoring and intervention programmes which are targeted at specific groups of students.

13a. Assessment for Learning

Assessment for Learning (AfL) is an integral part of effective learning and teaching: learners understand learning intentions and success criteria and are given feedback on how to develop their learning. All teachers are expected to use a range of summative and formative assessment types and to complete x3 data drops throughout the academic year as well as marking students' books on a two-weekly cycle. All teachers are given key expectations on how to assess students' books and there are x2 formal book looks each academic year. See Appendix B and G.

The purpose of AfL is to:

- evaluate the effectiveness and impact of assessment procedures and practices;
- when appropriate, share the learning outcomes and success criteria with students in an appropriate and relevant format and provide feedback to students to inform the next steps in learning;
- help students to identify and regularly reflect on their own evidence of learning and to enable them to set personal learning goals;
- to provide a range of opportunities for learners to take an active part in their learning;
- to ensure teaching staff are aware of and make effective use of formative assessment strategies.

13b. Summative Assessment

The goal of summative assessment is to evaluate student learning at the end of an instructional unit by comparing it against some standard or benchmark. For example, a summative assessment might be a spelling or key vocabulary test or a quiz or an end of term exam questions or final project piece. Summative assessment is marked as a percentage or mark.

13c.Formative Assessment

The goal of formative assessment is to monitor student learning to provide ongoing feedback that can be used by teachers to improve their teaching and by students to improve their learning. More specifically, formative assessments help students identify their strengths and weaknesses and target areas that need work. For example, the use of the West Heath Assessment Sticker gives students clear steps on how to improve their work. The use of a Skills Tracker at the front of students' books helps students to visually see which skills they have achieved throughout the year.

There are many effective AFL strategies that can be used in the classroom and should be used by teaching staff on a regular basis. **See Appendix F**.

14. Data Analysis

It is common for academic data about a student on arrival to be inaccurate, for a range of reasons. Depending on the student's circumstances these may include - for example - significant breaks in learning prior to arrival, attendance at several education providers in relatively quick succession, a period of absence from education, or sustained refusal by the student to participate in learning activities.

West Heath School has developed a West Heath Steps Assessment Framework based on the 2014 National Curriculum to measure attainment and progress. Staff are expected to complete one formative assessment per half term, six per academic year, using the West Heath Assessment Sticker. This formative assessment data should be recorded on a Departmental spreadsheet or SIMS mark book, monitored by the Head of Department. Standardisation should also take place termly during Department meetings. See Appendix H.

Staff should also complete x 3 summative assessments (x1 per term) each academic year and this data is entered on SIMS. This data is included in a full annual report with the student's strengths and weaknesses, effort and target grades, which are sent home to the parent/ carer for review.

See Appendix I.

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This data will be evaluated by SMT who will look for trends and patterns to inform future priorities.
For example, an overview on which lessons to run on the timetable, which teaching areas may need
support or development and/ or which are particularly strong. Or a deep dive into one student who
may be performing above average in most subjects, but below average in one area or strand. This
data could be investigated and an individual support plan made for the student.
See Appendix J.

Appendix A

West Heath Teacher Lesson Observation Proforma

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Teacher:		Date:		Department:		Subject:	
Observer:		Period:		Set / group:		Length of observation:	
Purpose of observation/ focus: Refer to previous observation targets							
Student Seating Plan?		Learning Outcome available?			Zones of Regulation: Yes / No – comment		
Yes / No – comment		Yes / No - comment			Connection Task: Yes / No – Comment		
Key vocabulary Yes / No - comment		Other Information (from previous observation)					
Criteria							Please Tick ✓
Teacher maximises use	of lesson time and manages students'	behaviour highly effectively	y with clear rules th	nat are consistently e	enforced.		
Teacher introduces sub	ject content progressively and constan	tly demands more of stude	nts.				
Teacher identifies and	supports any student who is falling beh	ind.					
Teacher encourages stu	udents to try hard, recognises their effo	orts and has consistently hig	gh expectations of a	all students' attitude	s to learning.		
Incorporation of the core values (4Rs) into lesson							

Focus Area	Outstanding -1	Good - 2	Requires	Inadequate - 4	Teaching Standards
	Ü		Improvement - 3		Ŭ
Subject Knowledge Teacher Standard 3 (Accurate use of subject specific knowledge and vocabulary) Use of Assessment Teacher Standard 6 (Marking in books, use of AfL, use of self and peer assessment)	 Excellent subject knowledge with cross-curricular references. Prior learning is assessed systematically, accurately & effectively. Understanding is checked systematically through effective questioning throughout the lesson, anticipating interventions. Systems are in place to involve all students in reading/responding to feedback and acting on it. Learners are confident and critical in assessing their own and others' work and set meaningful targets for improvement. Teacher uses questioning highly effectively and demonstrates understanding of the different ways students think about subject content. 	 □ Teachers have well-developed subject knowledge. □ Assessment of prior skills, knowledge and understanding is careful and accurate. □ Assessment is challenging and matches most student's needs; changes to tasks are timely and appropriate. □ Detailed oral/written feedback is provided so learners know how well they have done and how to improve. □ Learners are guided to assess their work themselves against clear criteria and to set targets to improve. 	☐ The teacher knows the subject and most learners understand course requirements but lacks accuracy. ☐ Assessment is present, but it may lack rigor and/ or detail/ challenge.	 □ Weak knowledge of the curriculum. □ Assessment of learners' work is poor and oral feedback is not effective. □ Assessment is not used effectively to help students improve. □ Assessment takes too little account of students' learning or understanding. 	Standard 1 High Expectations Standard 2 Student progress/ outcomes Standard 3 Subject/ curriculum knowledge Standard 4
Evidence / Comment					Plan and teach well- structured lessons
Teaching Teacher Standard 4, 5 & 8 (Use of support, adapted resources, challenge, Literacy and Numeracy development)	 □ Tasks are challenging and match students' needs accurately. □ Lessons are well-judged and often imaginative teaching strategies are used. □ Expectations are consistently high. □ Intervention and support are appropriate and have notable impact. □ Expert use of questioning probes understanding and teases out misconceptions. All learners are enthusiastic and keen to move on. □ Teaching of Literacy, Numeracy and other skills are exceptional; every opportunity is taken to develop skills in other subjects. □ LSAs are involved in planning. Good communication between teacher and LSA is evident. 	□ Tasks are challenging and match most students' needs. Work is monitored during lessons, misconceptions are generally picked up. □ Astute planning is effective and interventions and support are appropriate. □ Expectations are high. □ Literacy and Numeracy skills and other skills are promoted. □ Teaching consistently deepens students' knowledge and understanding and allows them to develop a range of skills. □ Teacher listens astutely, observes carefully and questions skillfully to reshape tasks and improve learning. □ LSAs are well deployed to support learning.	□ Teaching strategies do not usually meet individual student needs and do not provide challenge. □ Teaching Literacy, Numeracy and other skills may be inconsistent. □ LSAs are not well deployed in all aspects of the lesson.	□ Learning activities are not sufficiently well matched to the needs of students. □ Teacher expectations are not high enough. □ Students cannot communicate, read, write or use Maths as well as they should. □ LSAs not involved in the lesson & given little or no direction.	Standard 5 Adapt teaching to strengths and weaknesses Standard 6 Accurate and productive assessment Standard 7 Manage behaviour effectively Standard 8 Wider professional
Evidence / Comment					wider professional responsibilities

Focus Area	Outstanding -1	Good - 2	Requires	Inadequate – 4	Teaching Standards
			Improvement - 3		
Learning and Progress Teacher Standard 2 (Engagement, interest, motivation, resilience)	 Given their complex diagnoses, students show high levels of enthusiasm, interest and engagement. Students are enthused and confident. Students learn exceptionally well given their starting points. All students make rapid and sustained progress. 	 Given their complex diagnoses, most students are enthused and motivated to participate. Most students are resilient, confident and independent Most students achieve well and make expected progress. 	 Despite their complex diagnoses, students lack engagement and motivation to complete work well. Progress is not in line with that made by similar 	□ Students are passive. □ Learners are not involved and frequently off task. □ Teaching fails to excite, enthuse, engage or motivate students. □ Students or groups of students are making	Standard 1 High Expectations Standard 2 Student progress/ outcomes
			students nationally from similar starting points.	inadequate progress.	Standard 3 Subject/ curriculum knowledge
Evidence / Comment					Standard 4 Plan and teach well- structured lessons
Out of class activities Teacher Standard 4 (Homework / extension/ challenge)	 Appropriate and regular work contributes extremely well to students' learning. 	 Appropriate and regular work contributes well to students' learning. 	Some work is set and some of it is reasonable for students.	Inappropriate work is set. It does not contribute well to learning.	Standard 5 Adapt teaching to strengths and weaknesses
Evidence / Comment					Standard 6
Attitudes to Learning. Behaviour Teacher Standard 1 & 7 (strategies used for managing students' behaviour/ relationships between staff and students)	□ Students' attitudes to learning are exemplary. □ Students 'make every effort' to ensure that others learn and thrive in an atmosphere of respect and dignity. □ Low level disruption is uncommon. □ There are extremely positive relationships between staff and students. □ There is a systematic, consistently applied approach to behaviour management, which make a strong contribution to an exceptionally positive climate for learning.	□ Students respond very well to the teacher's behaviour systems and strategies □ Students work cooperatively with each other. □ High level disruption is uncommon. □ Students are typically considerate, respectful and courteous; they consistently meet teacher's expectations.	□ Students do not always respond promptly to teachers' direction. □ Major disruption to learning is common, and occasional highlevel disruption may occur. □ Strategies are applied inconsistently and with little effect,	Students' lack of engagement and persistent disruption contribute more than occasionally to reduced learning and/or a disorderly classroom environment. There are few, if any, behaviour strategies applied. Staff member has little to no relationship with the students.	Accurate and productive assessment Standard 7 Manage behaviour effectively Standard 8 Wider professional responsibilities
Evidence / Comment					

West Heath Teacher Lesson Observation Feedback

Key Str	rengths (link to Teaching Standards)					Standard 1
1						High Expectations
2						Standard 2 Student progress/ outcomes
3						Standard 3
Areas f	for Development:					Subject/ curriculum knowledge
1						Standard 4 Plan and teach well-structured
2						lessons
3						Standard 5 Adapt teaching to strengths
						and weaknesses
Next st	teps:					
1						Standard 6 Accurate and productive assessment
2						Standard 7
						Manage behaviour effectively
Quality	of teaching (overall grade)	Outstanding (1)	Good (2)	Requires Improvement (3)	Inadequate (4)	
						Standard 8

Appendix B

.€e		Date:	Teacher:
Individual Book Monit	oring		
Document	og	Class/ Year Group:	Observer:
Document		Classy real Gloup.	Observer.
This document is to be completed on each member of teach minimum sample of 3 books across both Key Stag			
Attainment/ Progress:			
Review the amount of work being taught			
and completed over a sequence of lessons. • Review whether students can correct their			
own work and/ or stop making the same errors repeatedly.			
Review the West Heath levels that students A chicago de the levels may be an deven? Why?			
achieve- do the levels move up or down? Why? • Review the student data drops on SIMS-			
does the level of work completed in the book match the data input?			
Presentation			
 How is the student work being stored? In folders, exercise books, worksheets? Why? 			
 How is the student work presented? Do they 			
write titles? Dates? Outcomes?			
 How is the handwriting? Does it remain consistent, or does it get better or worse throughout 			
the year?			
Adapted resources			
Is there evidence of additional supports for			
the student? For example, additional/ adapted			
worksheets, word banks, sentence starters, fill in the blanks, match up activities, an Asterix mark for where			
students have to write to?			
 Is there evidence of extension tasks? Are the gifted and talented students 			
receiving more challenging work, tasks and			
activities?			
Assessment/ Feedback			
Is there evidence of summative and formative marking feedback? Why? Why not?			
Is there at least x1 formal assessment with formative feedback per half term?			
 Are the steps on how students can improve their work that are clear and easy to understand/ apply? 			
Does the data in the books link to the data being stored on SIMS?			
 Do students respond to the marking? How? Is there evidence that their work changes/ improves 	5		
after marking?			
Literacy			
Is there evidence of key vocabulary being			
learnt and/ or written down in the books? • Are key spellings underlined and/ or			
corrected if misspelt?			
Is the grammar marked?			
 Are the codes being used in line with the Literacy Marking Codes? 			

Appendix C

Assessment/ Feedback

Departmental Marking and Assessment Overview	Date:	Focus:
document is to be completed by the Head of Department to evaluate the stren weaknesses of marking and assessment.	gths and	
ks selected:		
inment/ Progress:	KS3	KS4
 Overall is the amount of work being taught and completed over a sequence of lessons adequate in both KS3 and KS4? 		
 Does the data in the books overall match the data on SIMs? Does student understanding improve throughout the book? Or do they repeat the same errors? 		
as of Development/ Next Steps:		
entation	KS3	KS4
 How is the student work being stored? In folders, exercise books, worksheets? Why? 		
How is the student work being stored? In folders, exercise books,		
 How is the student work being stored? In folders, exercise books, worksheets? Why? How is the student work presented? Do they write titles? Dates? Outcomes? How is the handwriting? Does it remain consistent, or does it get better or worse throughout the year? 		
 How is the student work being stored? In folders, exercise books, worksheets? Why? How is the student work presented? Do they write titles? Dates? Outcomes? How is the handwriting? Does it remain consistent, or does it get better or worse throughout the year? 		
 How is the student work being stored? In folders, exercise books, worksheets? Why? How is the student work presented? Do they write titles? Dates? Outcomes? How is the handwriting? Does it remain consistent, or does it get better or worse throughout the year? as of Development/ Next Steps: pted Resources	KS3	KS4
 How is the student work being stored? In folders, exercise books, worksheets? Why? How is the student work presented? Do they write titles? Dates? Outcomes? How is the handwriting? Does it remain consistent, or does it get better or worse throughout the year? Development/ Next Steps: Is there evidence of additional supports for students? For example, additional/ adapted worksheets, word banks, sentence starters, fill in the blanks, match up activities, an Asterix mark for where students have to write to? 	KS3	KS4
 How is the student work being stored? In folders, exercise books, worksheets? Why? How is the student work presented? Do they write titles? Dates? Outcomes? How is the handwriting? Does it remain consistent, or does it get better or worse throughout the year? as of Development/ Next Steps: Is there evidence of additional supports for students? For example, additional/ adapted worksheets, word banks, sentence starters, fill in the blanks, 	KS3	KS4

KS4

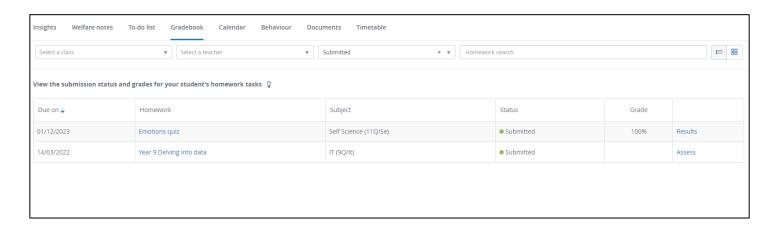
KS3

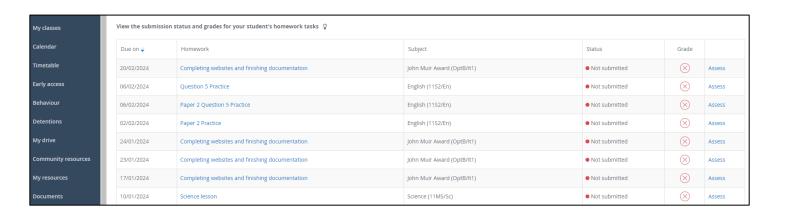
Areas o	• work ch	Is there evidence of summative and formative marking feedback? Why? Is there at least x1 formal assessment with formative feedback per half Are the steps on how students can improve their work that are clear and understand/ apply? Does the data in the books link to the data being stored on SIMS? Do students respond to the marking? How? Is there evidence that their nanges/ improves after marking?		
1:4	_			
Literacy	ls there books?	Are key spellings underlined and/ or corrected if misspelt? Is the grammar marked/ corrected? Are the codes being used in line with the Literacy Marking Codes.	KS3	KS4
Areas o	f Develo	opment/ Next Steps:		
Key Red	commei	ndations:		
1)				
2)				
3)				

Appendix D

		D. L.	
		Date:	Observer:
Learning Walk Proform	a		
		Group Focus:	
This document is to be completed by Head of Department or H	ead of School and		
should focus on behaviour across a class, year group or key s spend no more than 10-15 minutes in each room. If this docum			
please ensure that staff are given notice.			
Presentation			
How is the student work being stored? In			
folders, exercise books, worksheets? Is it well			
presented?			
 How is the classroom presented? Is it clean and tidy? 			
Are the displays relevant/ engaging/ up-to-			
date?			
Is the work interesting and engaging? Pahaviour Pahaviour			
Behaviour • Are students on time or late to lessons?			
Are students on task/ trying to learn?			
 Are students kind and polite to the teacher 			
and/ or each other?			
 Are students completing the set work? Is there evidence of behavioural routines? 			
Attainment/ Progress:			
Is the West Heath lesson format being used?			
For example, Zones of Regulation/ Connect tasks.			
Are the students on task?			
 Are the students completing a reasonable amount of work? 			
Is there evidence of marking in students'			
books.			
Adapted Resources			
Is there evidence of additional support for			
the student?			
 Are the gifted and talented students receiving more challenging work, tasks and 			
activities?			
Literacy			
Is there evidence of key vocabulary being			
learnt and/ or written down in the books or displayed in the room?			
Is oral literacy corrected and promoted			
during the lesson?			
Key Strengths: 1)			
', 			
2)			
3)			
Areas for Development:			
1)			
2)			
3)			

Appendix E





Appendix F

Assessment for Learning (AFL) Strategies

Emoii Self-Assessment

Ask students to circle the faces/ expressions that show how they are feeling at the beginning and/ or end of the lesson.

Mini-whiteboards

Ask students to write their answers on miniwhiteboards or pieces of paper and show them to you (or their peers).

Thumbs up! Thumbs down!

Check the class's understanding of what you are teaching by asking them to show their thumbs. Thumbs up = I understand; thumbs halfway = I understand some; thumbs down = I don't understand.

Draw a Square

When a student has finished a worksheet or exercise, ask them to groups, pairs or individuals and ask them to draw a square on the page. If they do answer questions. For example: not understand well, they colour it red, if they partly understand, yellow and if everything is OK, green.

Use Post-it notes to evaluate learning. Give to

- What have I learnt?
- What have I found easy?
- What have I found difficult?
- What do I want to know now?

Traffic lights

Give students red, yellow and green cards. At different points during the lesson, ask them to choose a card and put it on their desk to show how much they understand (red = don't understand, yellow = partly understand, green = totally understand).

Exit/Admit

Tickets Exit tickets students fill in before they leave the classroom. It could be recording what check students' understanding. they have learnt in the lesson. Admit tickets are done at the very beginning of the class. Students may respond to questions about homework, or on the lesson taught the day before.

Classroom Polls

Technology is a great way to engage students are small pieces of paper or cards that and websites such as Kahoot are a great way to deliver classroom polls. This can allow you to students cards to write on, or they

3-2-1

Countdown

At the end the day give the can respond orally, or in a triangle shape and I ask them to respond to the three separate statements below:

- 3 things you didn't know before.
- 2 things that surprised you about this topic.
- 1 thing you want to start doing with what you've learned.

Think-Pair-Share

This is one of the many formative assessment strategies that is simple for teachers to use. The teacher asks a question and the students write down their answers. Students are then placed in pairs to discuss their responses. Teachers are able to move around the classroom and listen to various discussions. It lets them gain valuable insight into levels of understanding.

Colour Question Jar

Write the children's name on different lollipop sticks. You may want to colour code the sticks to denote ability level or even engagement level, this will help you differentiate and direct questions at specific children, without the children knowing of course! For example, for higher ability 'why' and 'how' questions you could pick out a higher ability coloured lollipop stick or if a student is notorious for not paying attention you are able to direct a question at them. It should help all students to become more engaged as they do not know if their name will be picked.

Round Robin Posters

Groups of students each have a large piece of paper and some markers. The group records an answer to an open-ended question. Once the students finish their poster, they pass it on to the next group. Once every group has worked on every poster, the responses are discussed as a class.

KS3/ 4 Book Marking Policy



Marking is evidence of the ongoing assessment that takes place every day. There are main types of summative marking that may be seen across a series of students' work (not every lesson):

Phase 1: Student's books/folders

- Praise and encouragement that links to school incentive/ reward systems and/ or the 4Rs. For
 example, comments such as 'excellent resilience shown in this redraft' or 'great to see you taking
 the responsibility to use a dictionary. It is important to ensure that this type of commentary can be
 understood, and is meaningful, to the individual student.
- Clear **comments on how to improve**/next steps always link this to the level/ grade criteria.
- Level Criteria in the front/ back of books and/ or folders. Teachers use this criteria in their strengths and areas for developments.
- **Refer to the Literacy Marking Codes.** For example, all teachers must correct spelling of key words and high frequency words, capital letters and full stops; if there are frequent mistakes in these areas you can use your discretion to make general comments, rather than highlight each mistake.
- Evidence of differentiation/ adaptation for the less and more able students.

Frequency of Marking/ Assessment:

All teachers are expected to mark/ acknowledge student's work on a fortnightly cycle.

Phase 2: Mapping Personal Development

- **Assessment overview** at the front of books/ level criteria and WH Assessment Stickers, all of which creates a triangulation of data. This would formulate the summative mark stored on SIMS for the data drop.
- Personal Development reviewed and, if applicable, assessed in every subject.

Formative Assessment

- The **West Heath Assessment Sticker** (below) must be used each half term and should help to form the data drop information on SIMS.
- These also provide opportunities for the students to write questions or requests for help to the teacher or support staff. For example, 'I don't understand this section.'
- The use of symbols (such as faces/ traffic lights) enables students to express their confidence/how secure they are with the work.

Who can Mark?

The expectation is that teachers mark, but it is appropriate for class-based or intervention support staff, such as SLSAs, LSAs or Key Workers, undertake some forms of marking too, provided this is under the supervision of a qualified teacher.

Commentary/ Marking Stamps

All staff have been provided with stamps which outline how the student completed the work. S/LSAs and Key Workers can also annotate work. For example:

- The degree of support that was provided by an S/LSA or if the student completed the work independently.
- How often that support was provided, e.g. 'Jacob completed this with some intermittent support needs to still work on ...'
- Notes on what needs further work/ changes that need to made. For example, 'Skip next section as student found this very easy.'

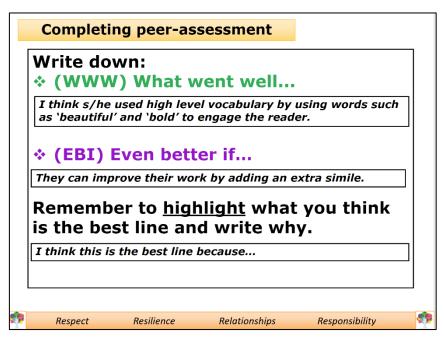
Literacy Codes

Sp	Spelling
Gr	Grammar
•	Full-Stop
ST	Subject Terminology

Peer and Self-Assessment

Please be aware that some SEN needs will make this difficult and that this can also be completed both in written and oral form. Marking stamps can also be used to inform this or to show this has been completed.

Best practice would ensure that students are given criteria with which to mark each other so that their areas to improve are measured and not just personal remarks. This could be a checklist or level criteria dependent on the students' understanding. Relevant examples and/ or sentence starters/ structures will also make the students' marking more meaningful.





KS3/4 WH Assessment Sticker- Phase 1

(Subject only)

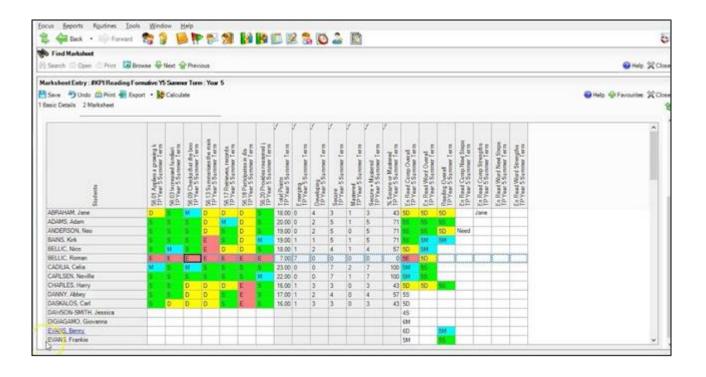
Work Assessed:			Date:	
Key Vocabulary:			Effort:	
Key Strength/s				
Area/s to Impr	ove (Link to Level/ Grad	de Criteria)		
Student feedback/ comments:				

KS3/ 4 WH Assessment Sticker- Phase 2

(Subject and Personal Development Criteria)

Work Assessed:		Date:	
Key Vocabulary:		Effort:	
Key Strength/s			
Area/s to Impr	ove (Link to Level/ Grade Criteria)		
Student feedback/ comments:			
reedback/ comments.			
If applicable, link/s to	☐ Good Health and Wellbeing		
Preparation for Adulthood criteria	 Friends, Relationships and Community 		
	□ Independent Living Skills		
	□ Life and Employment Skills		

Appendix I



Appendix J

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D	Е	F	G	Н	1	J	K	L	M	N	0	Р	Q	R	S	Т	U	V
Area of teaching v	Teacher Ty 🗸	Observe ~	Lesson Da 🗸	Year grou v	Student Informatic ~ Provided?	Learning outcomer	Key Word ~	Connect'~	ZoR ~		KS: Standar V 1 (high expectations)	KS: Standar 2 (student progress/ outcomes)	KS: Standa 3 (subject/ curriculum knowledge)	KS: Standar 4 (well-structured lessons)	KS: Standa ~ 5 (adaptive teaching)	KS: Standal Y 6 (accurate and productive assessment)	7 (behaviour management)	A4D: ~ Standard 1 (high expectations)
Heart - English	Q	MG	10/4/2023	HEART	Υ	Y	Y	Y	Υ	Υ	X		х			х		
PE	ECT	JR	10/12/2023	11	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Υ					Х		х	
HOMiddle/ PE	Q																	
Life Skills	LTIA																	
HOUpper/ PE	Q																	
Principal	QNT																	
EOS	AT																	
English	Q	MG	10/4/2023	8	N	Y	Y	Υ	Y	Υ				X	X			
Maths	Q	TM	11/3/2023		Υ	Υ	Y	Y	Υ	Υ			X		X		X	
Art	Q	JL	10/11/2023	HEART	Y	Υ	Y	Y	Υ	Υ	X			Х			Х	
Maths	ECT	TM	11/3/2023		Υ	Υ	Y	Y	Υ	Y						Х	X	
Science	ECT	RG	11/15/2023	HEART	N	Υ	Υ	N	N	N	X	х					X	
Maths - Heart	Q	TM	11/8/2023	HEART	Υ	Υ	Y	N	N	Υ		Х	X	X				
Maths	Q	TM	2/11/2023	11	Y	Υ	Y	Y	N	Y		Х	Х				X	
Upper/ College Pres	Q																	
English / Business	Q	AW	12/14/2023	11	Y	Υ	Υ	Y	Υ	Υ	Х	Х				Х		
Music / SS	ITT	HP/ TS	9/14/2023		Y	Υ	Υ	Y	Y	Υ	Х	Х	х					
Science (Head)	Q	AW	1/8/2024	11	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Υ	X		X	X				
PE	AT	JR	10/12/2023	11	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Υ					Х		X	
Cover Teacher	AT																	
Humanities	Q	CK	11/22/2023	10	N	Υ	N	Y	N	N						х	X	X
Science / Heart	AT	RG	11/8/2023	HEART	Υ	Υ	Υ	N	Y	Υ	Х		Х		Х			
SENCO	QNT																	
Juniors	Q	AW	11/8/2023	5 and 6	N	Υ	Υ	Y	Y	Υ	Х	Х	X					
Music	Q		11/18/2023	10	N	Υ	Y	Υ	Υ	Υ		х				х	X	
Maths (Head)	Q	AW	8/1/2024	Heart	N	Υ	Υ	Υ	N	Υ		Х	Х			х	Х	
UOI amar/ Matha	_																	

